ing that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce within the period from on or about September 17 to December 28, 1942, by the Pine Grove Canning Co. from St. Martinville, La.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy substance, insect fragments, and in that it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The article was labeled in part: (Bottles) "Pine Grove Brand Louisiana Hot Sauce," (barrels) "Hot Sauce Base."

Between March 22 and April 3, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgments of

condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

MEAT AND POULTRY

5063. Adulteration of dressed rabbits. U. S. v. 10 Boxes of Dressed Rabbits. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 9443. Sample Nos. 17654-F., 17655-F.)

On February 25, 1943, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against 10 60-pound boxes of dressed rabbits at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about January 23, 1943, by the Marvo Products Co. from Ellis, Kans.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance, and in that it was in whole or in part the product of diseased animals.

On March 15, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was

entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

5064. Adulteration of dressed rabbits. U. S. v. 1 Barrel of Dressed Rabbits. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 9253. Sample Nos. 17638-F, 17647-F.)

Examination showed this product to contain parasitic worms.

On January 27, 1943, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against 1 barrel of dressed rabbits at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 10, 1942, by C. H. Hansen & Co. from Preston, Kans.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance.

On February 17, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation

was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

5065. Adulteration of pork sausage and frankfurters. U.S. v. 240 Cartons and 389 Cartons of Pork Sausage, and 250 Cartons of Frankfurters. Decrees of condemnation. One lot ordered sold for salvage grease. Remaining lot ordered released under bond for segregation and destruction of the unfit portion. (F. D. C. Nos. 9428 to 9430, incl. Sample Nos. 9597-F, 9598-F, 10261-F to 10263-F, incl.)

On February 24 and on or about February 26, 1943, the United States attorneys for the Southern District of Mississippi and the Eastern District of Louisiana filed libels against 240 cartons of pork sausage and 250 cartons of frankfurters, each carton containing 60 pounds, at Keesler Field, Biloxi, Miss., and 389 60-pound cartons of pork sausage at New Orleans, La., alleging that the articles had been shipped in interstate commerce within the period from on or about February 2 to 15, 1943, by the Buring Packing Co. (Nat Buring Packing Co.) from Memphis, Tenn.; and charging that they were adulterated in that they consisted in whole or in part of decomposed substances.

On March 8, 1943, no claimant having appeared for the lot located at Biloxi. Miss., judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered sold for salvaging the grease under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

On March 26, 1943, the Nat Buring Packing Co. having appeared as claimant for the lot located at New Orleans, La., and having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for segregating the fit portion from the unfit and destruction of the latter under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. The decomposed portion of the lot at New Orleans was sold to a rendering plant for recovery of the grease.

5066. Adulteration of frozen dressed fowl. U. S. v. 33 Boxes of Frozen Dressed Fowl. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 9469. Sample No. 2358-F.)

On February 13, 1943, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois filed a libel against 33 boxes of frozen dressed fowl at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about February 4, 1943, by the Henderson Produce Co. from Monroe City, Mo.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of diseased animals.

On April 2, 1943, the Henderson Produce Co. having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered de-

stroyed.